

TELETECTOR 6112 M/H
H*(10)
S/N 123110

CE

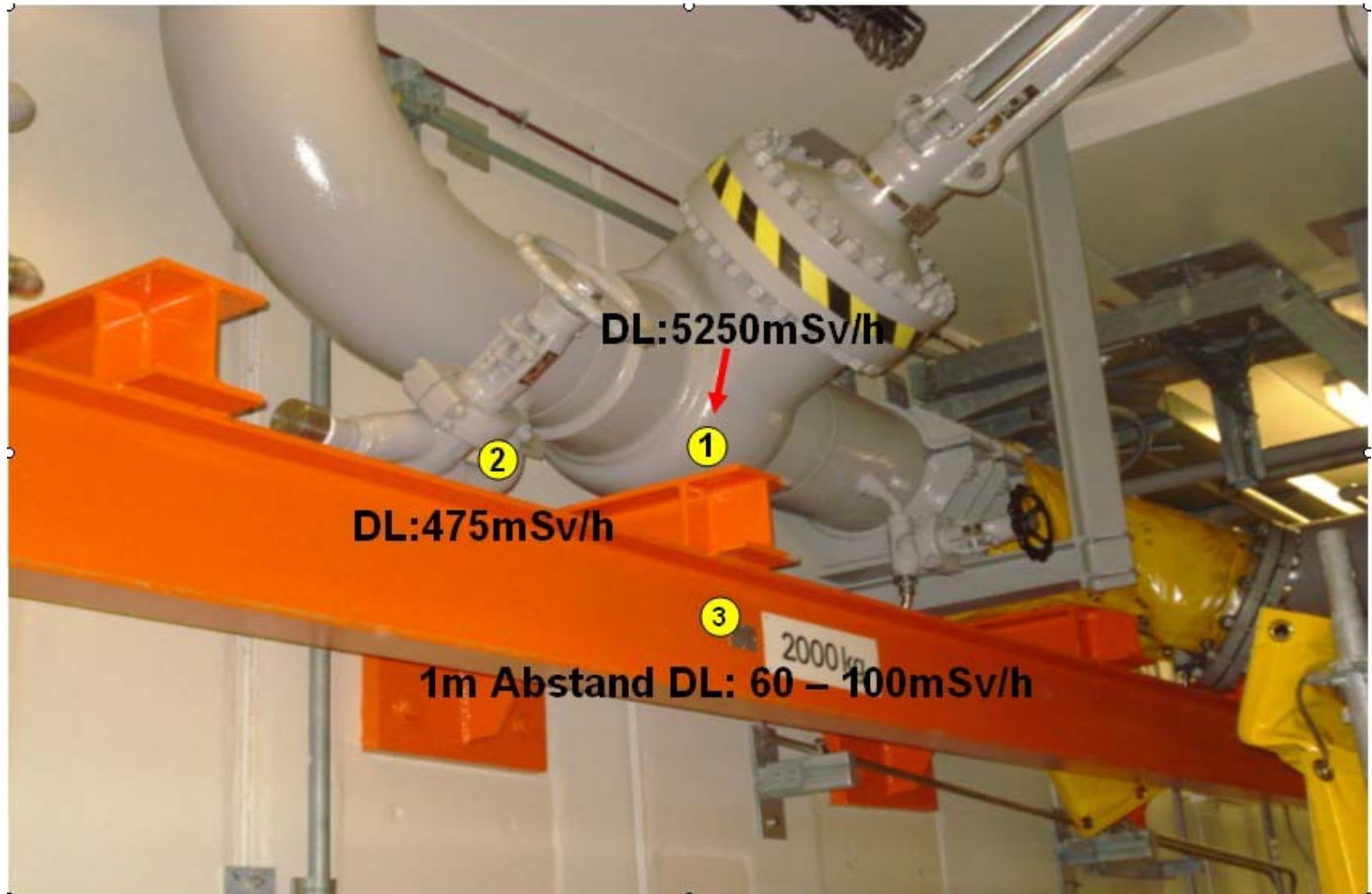


Hot Spot Experience at KKL

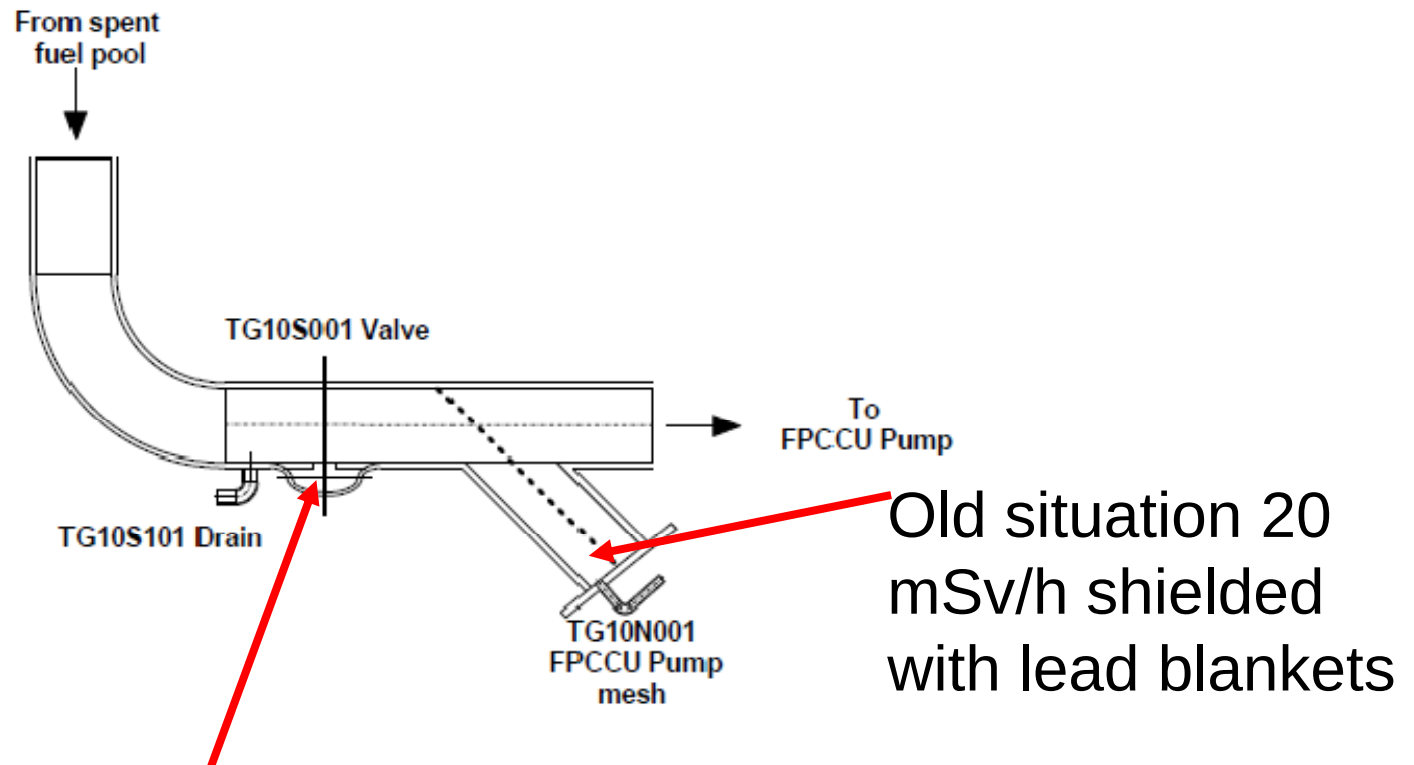


Andreas Ritter, KKL

Situation found during operator walkdown:



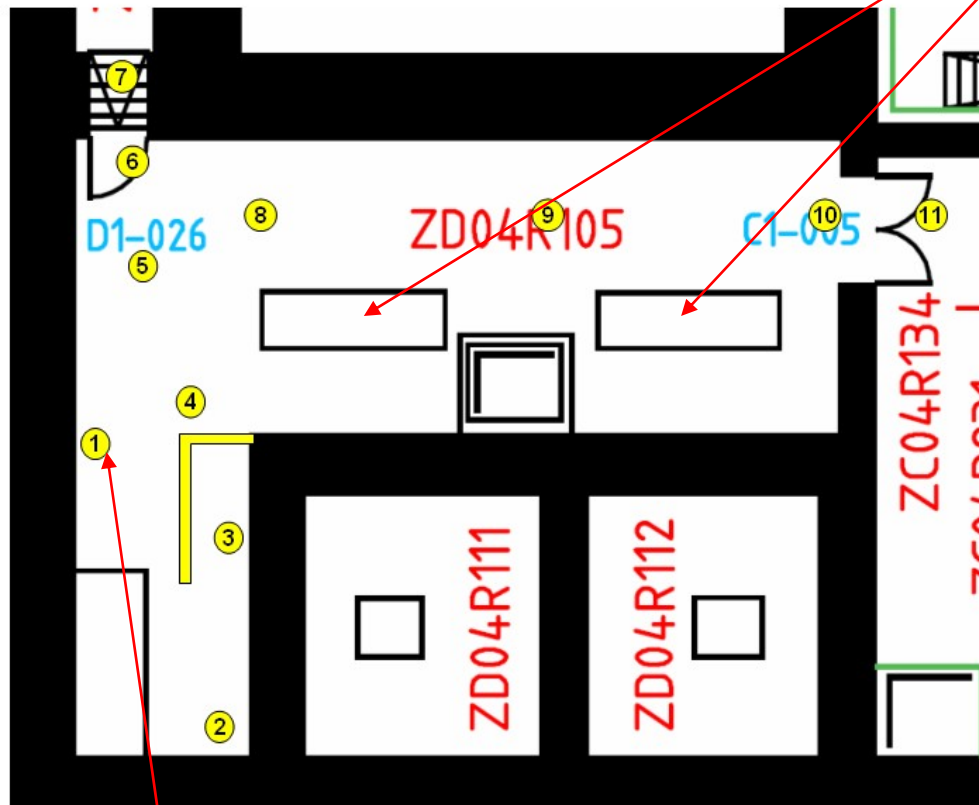
The situation found (schematic)



Hot Spot 5250 mSv/h
(525 R/h)

Dose rates in FPCCU - pump room

Dosisleistungsmessung in TLD - Höhe



Fuel Pool
Cooling and
Clean Up
Pumps

- 1 DL 10mSv/h
- 2 DL 1.0mSv/h
- 3 DL 4.5mSv/h
- 4 DL 6.7mSv/h
- 5 DL 0.980mSv/h
- 6 DL 0.450mSv/h
- 7 DL 0.240mSv/h
- 8 DL 0.850mSv/h
- 9 DL 0.480mSv/h
- 10 DL 0.220mSv/h
- 11 DL 0.170mSv/h

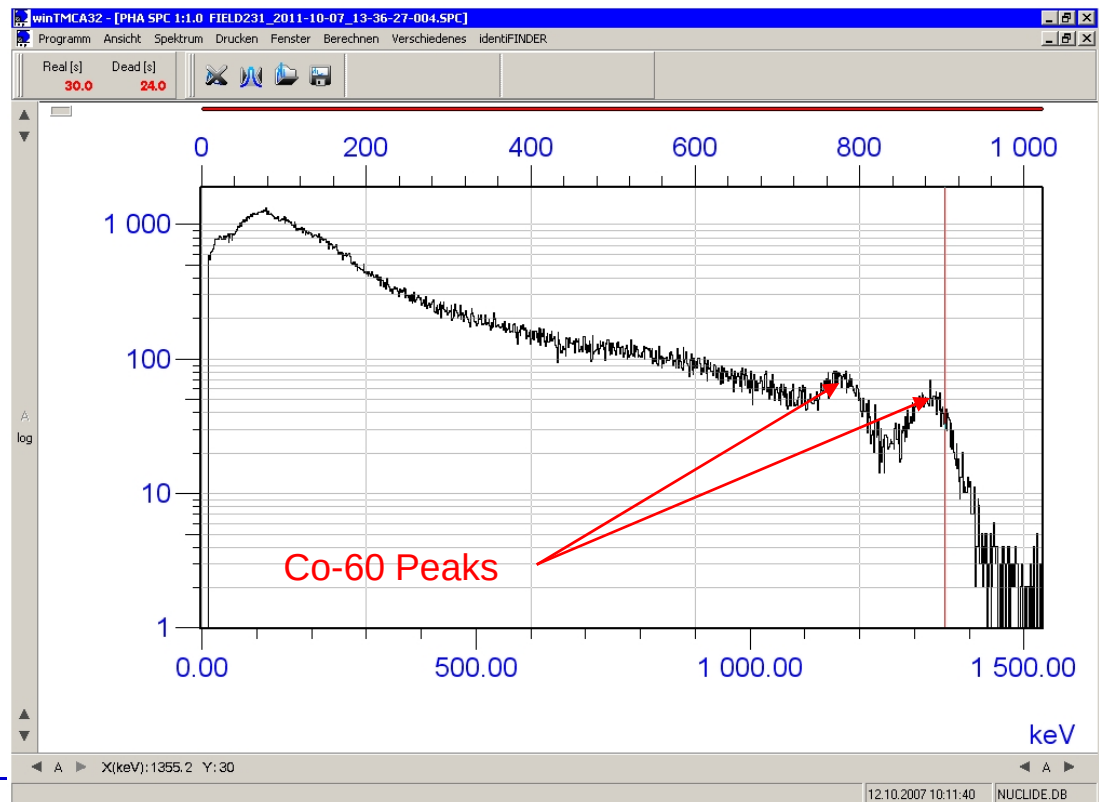
Datum: 08.10.2007

Visum: wpe

Hot Spot location

What is it?: Nuclide identification

- History: Broken fuel pin in the past and 141 fuel pellets lost in spent fuel pool
- History: Control rod pins and rollers were removed in the fuel pool
- ~~Fuel?~~
- ~~Fuel cladding?~~
- Control Rod pin?
- Anything else?

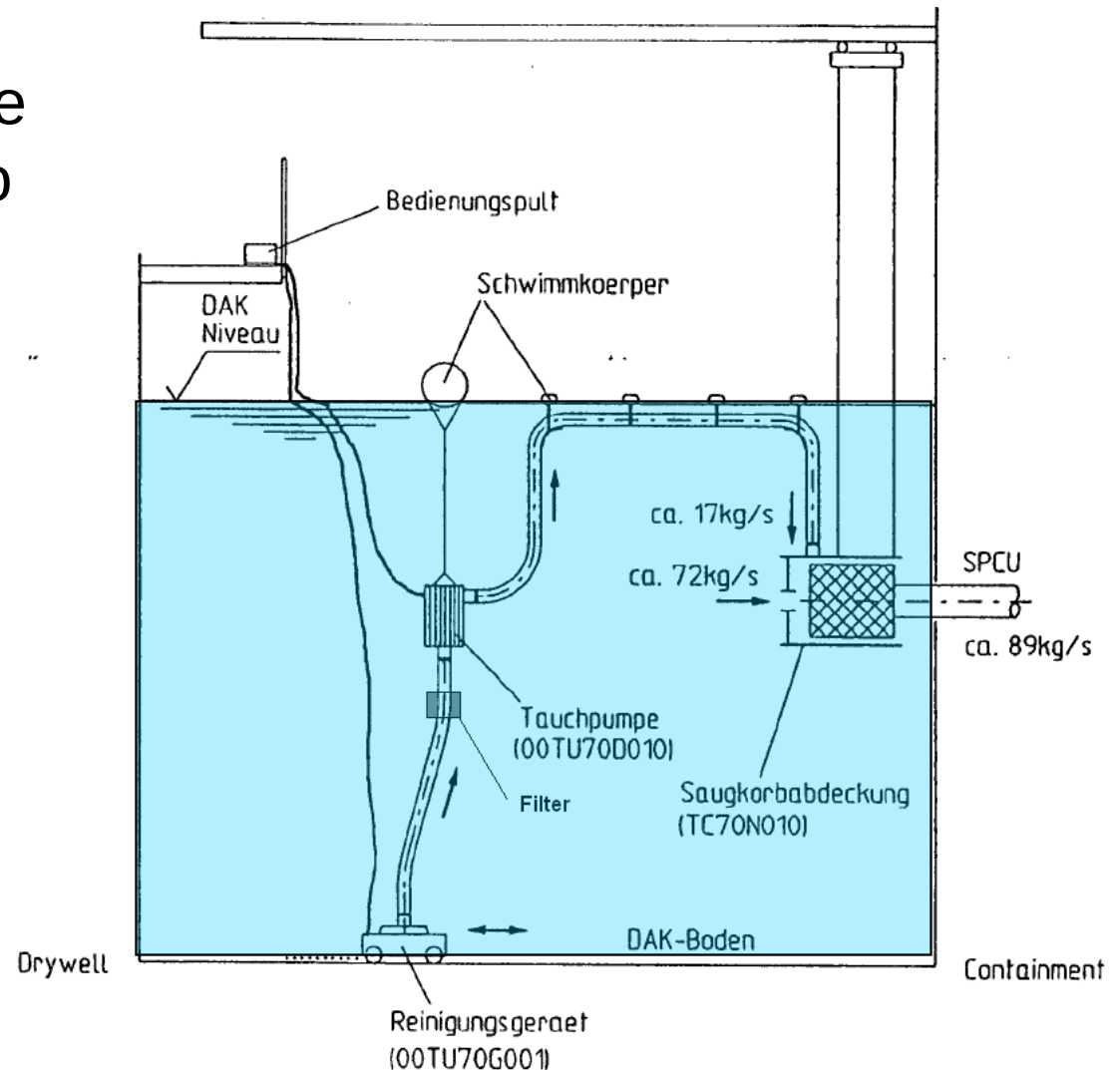


TG10S001 valve lower housing picture taken by endoscope



The principle of spent fuel pool cleaning

- Move the dirt from the spent fuel pool floor to the radwaste
- No submerged filter disposal





A yellow underwater camera is mounted on a metal frame, looking down into a dark, turbulent water column. The camera is positioned at the top of the frame, and the water below is dark and swirling, indicating a deep or underwater environment. The metal frame is visible on the left and top edges of the image.



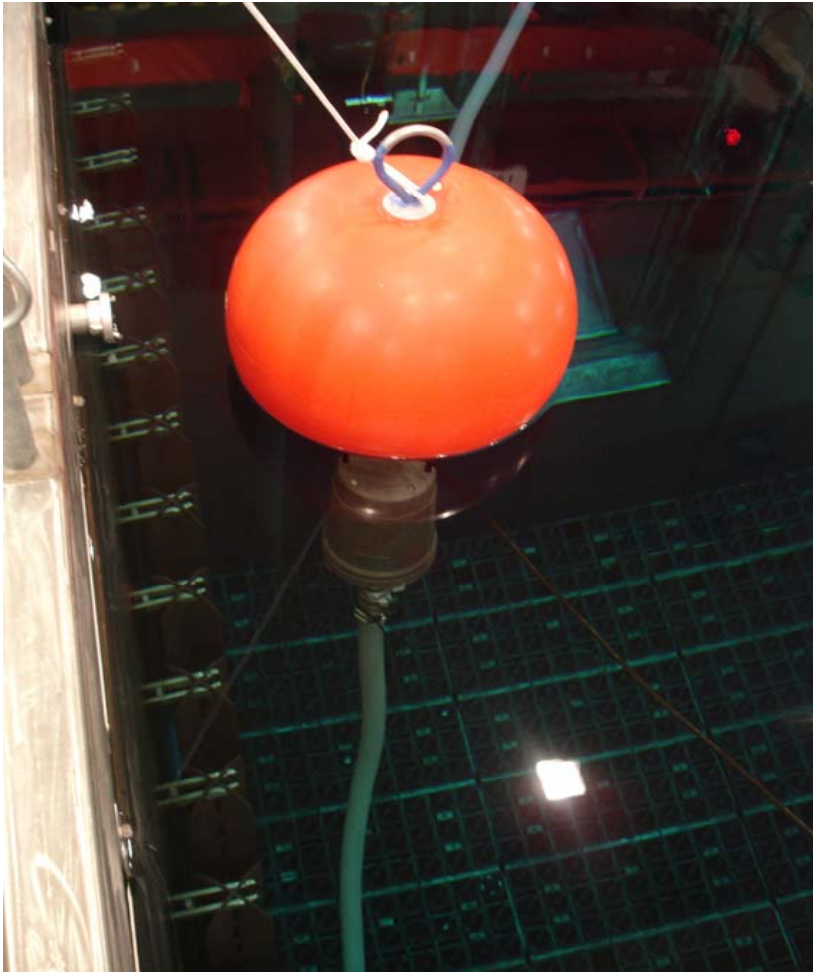
Mock - up



Video: Hot-Spot vacuuming sequence TG10S001

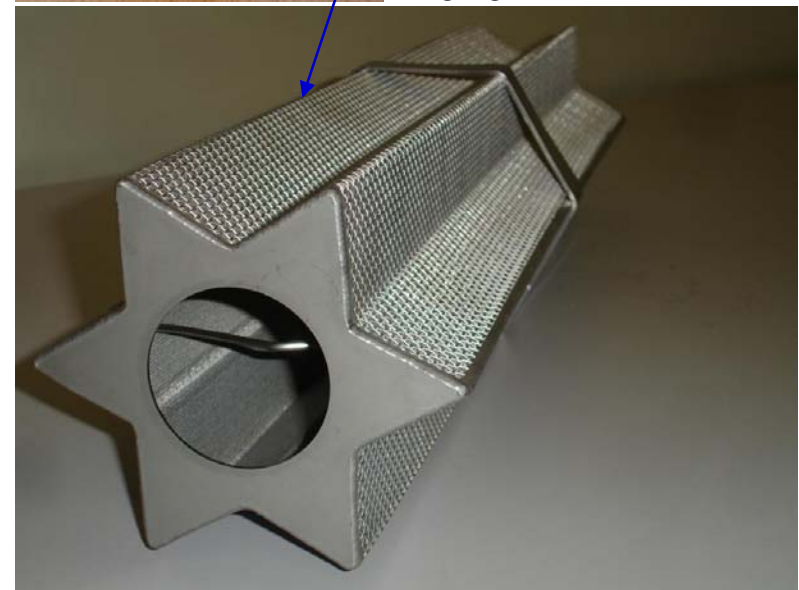


Where did the Hot Spot go?



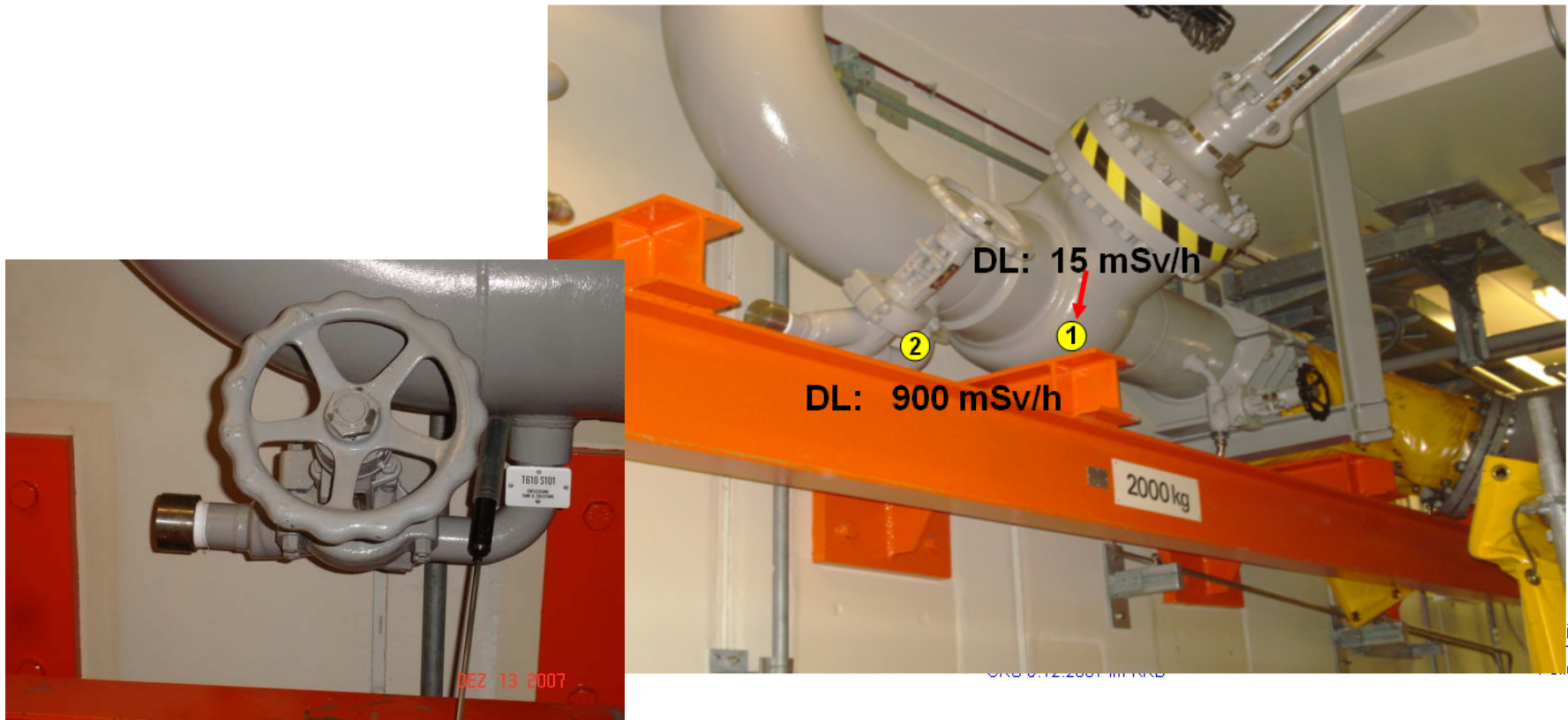
Commercial filter cartridge: clogging

Customized „star-filter“:
wider mesh, 800 mSv/h,
disposal during Control
Rod disposal campaign
2010



Situation after Hot Spot #1 removal

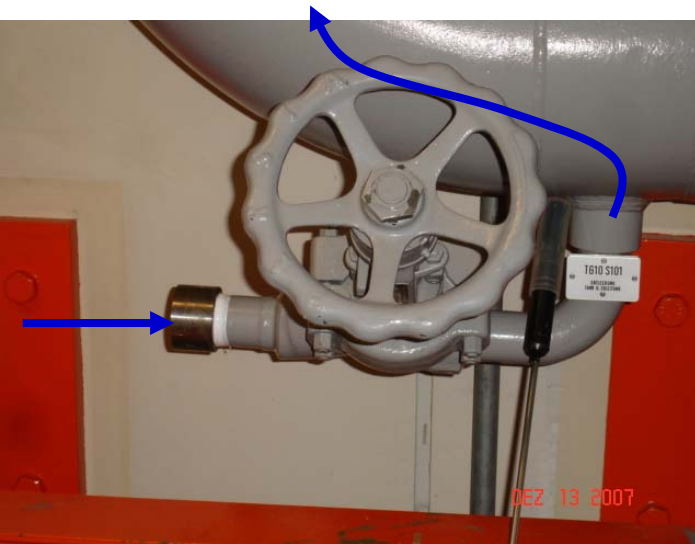
Hot - Spot am Ventil TG10S00 ZD04R105 Nach dem Entfernen des Hot - Spots
Datum: 29.11.07 Visum: Stritt Oliver



Leibstadt
Seite 9

Hot Spot #2 inside drain line TG10S101

Vacuum
hose to filter



Clean water injection
for backwash,
including check-valve



Video: Hot-Spot vacuuming sequence drain line TG10S101



Situation after Hot Spot #2 removal



6 mSv/h

Situation **before** and **after** RFO24



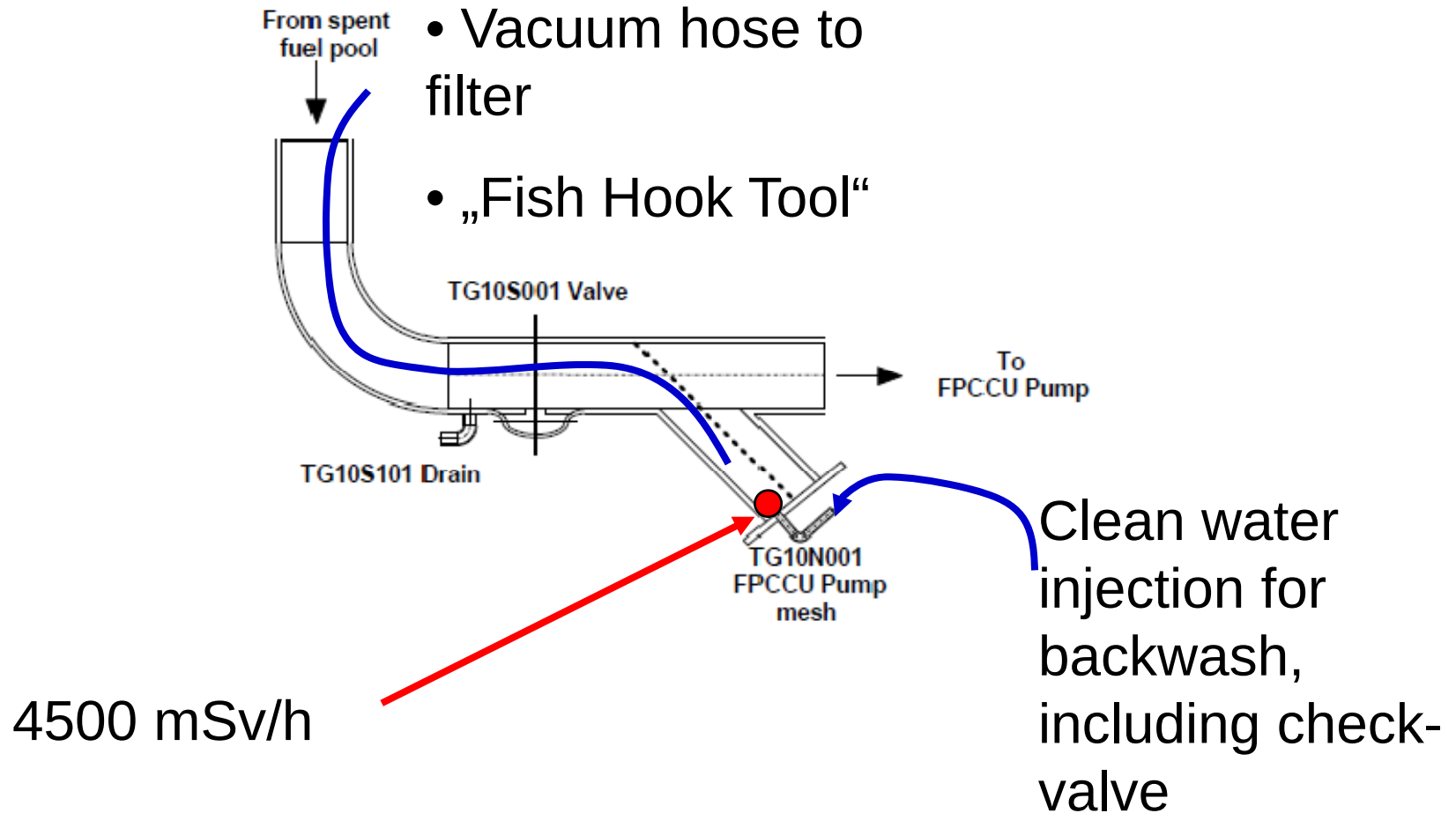
TG10S001
5 mSv/h / 520 mSv/h



Drain line of FPCCU pump
protection mesh
620 mSv/h / 4'500 mSv/h

During RFO-24 fuel inspection fuel cladding needed to be brushed. Removed CRUD was pumped into FPCCU suction line. Good idea????

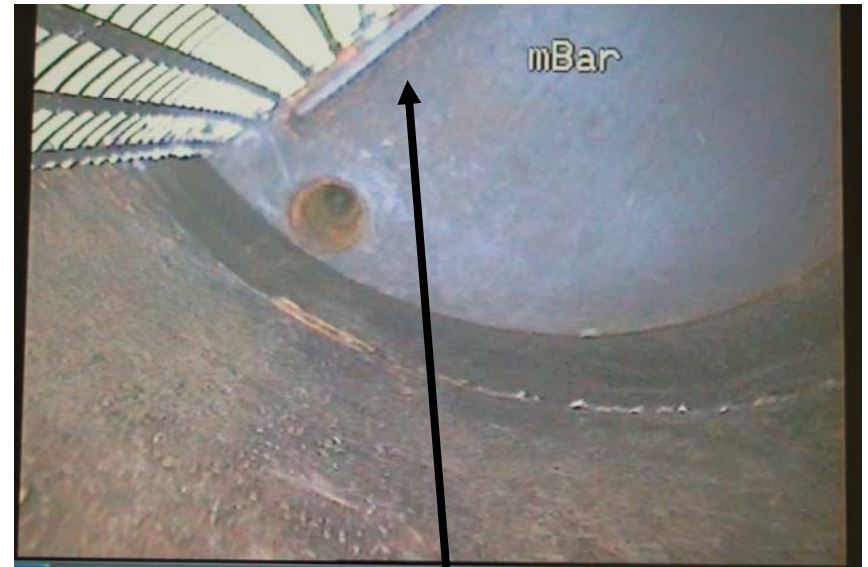
Hot Spot #3



Video: Hot-Spot vacuuming sequence TG10N100 pump protection mesh



Pump mesh before and after cleaning

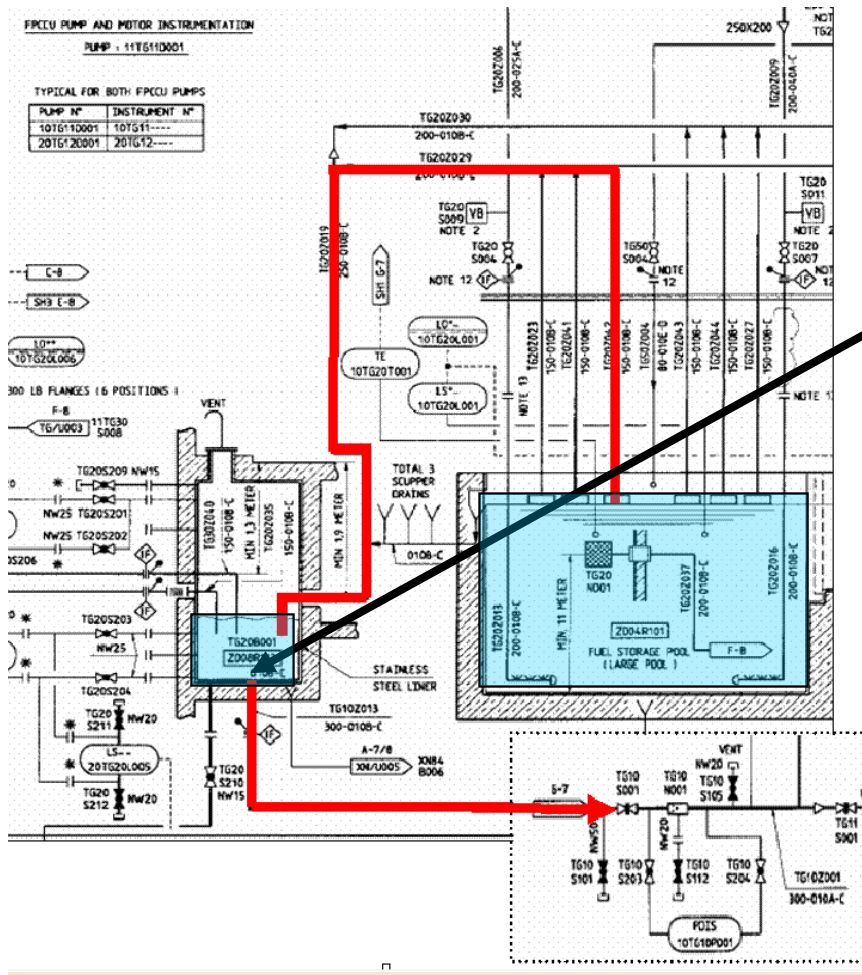


Remaining Hot Particle #4
1200 mSv/h



Removed foreign material

Installation of collar



collar prevents heavy particles from being washed into suction line

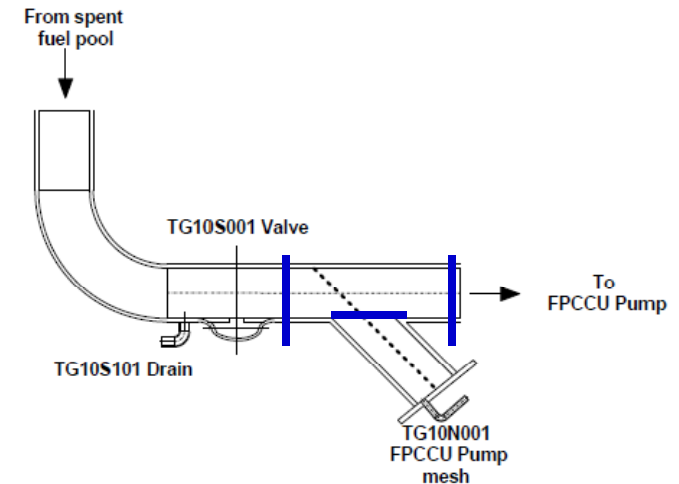
Installation of additional Area Radiation Monitors



- Continuous survey of dose rate situation and warning

Remaining challenges: Hot Spot in filter housing TG10N001

- Option 1
- Remove TG10N001 internals including Hot Spot #4 and install blind part to prevent new Hot Spot build up.
- Install pump protection mesh elsewhere
- Residual heat removal from spent fuel pool during installation?



- Option 2
- Remove entire TG10N001 including Hot Spot #4 and install straight piece of piping
- Install pump protection mesh elsewhere
- Residual heat removal from spent fuel pool during installation?

Conclusions

- **If radioactivity is located in a safe place: Leave it there**
- **If radioactivity has to be moved: Follow the path to the final destination (= geological repository)**
- **Have your surveys/instruments in place**
- **Have your RP - technicians ready to handle high dose rates**
- **Have your Foreign Materials Exclusion controls in place**

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Questions?

