



Centralized Monitoring and Management Practice of Occupational Exposure in CGN

Yu enjian Radiation Monitoring Center of CGN About CGN



History: A Path towards Innovative Development

979	1994	2004	201	1 2018	
High starting point	Growing th sector thro developme	e nuclear Nu ugh circular sca nt ene	iclear power grew in ale; numerous clean ergy were developed	Operating specialized segments by following the market rules; promoting technological innovation and joining the international	
Guangdong Province was chosen to be the site for building the Daya Bay NPP , which marks the starting point for China's nuclear power sector Innovative model: Relying on loans to finance the construction, repaying the loans by power sales, and operating a	The Daya Ba into oper Ling' ao Pha was launche to internation to achieve in and develop equipment b	y NPP went ation; the ase I project d; According hal standards dependence b tech and y ourselves.	We operated NPPs nationwide, including the Ling' Ao Phase II, Hongyanhe, Ningde, Yangjiang, Taishan, Fangchenggang projects. Clean energy was developed, such as the	market The Company is now operating 4+X specialized sectors; we have developed the HPR1000 and join the international market.	
	In 1994, Guangdong Power G founded.	the China J Nuclear iroup was	wind, hydro and solar power.	In 2013, the Company was renamed as the CGN Group.	





Nuclear Power O&M Services



Nuclear Power Engineering & Construction Services

Engineering	Engineering	Construction	Testing & commissioning
Design	Procurement	Management	

Regulatory Basis









善用自然的能量

External Dosimetry

- Whole-body thermoluminescence dosimeter (TLD)
 - BGN (beta/gamma/neutron) dosimeter with appropriate filtration
- Extremity thermoluminescence dosimeter (DXT-RAD)
 - Adjustable finger ring carrying TLD pellet







Whole-body electronic personal dosimeters (EPD)









Internal Dosimetry

Whole-body Counter

- Nal & HPGe



Interpretation of Measurements



- Urine/Faecal Analysis(under building)
- PAS(personal air sampler)/SAS (static air sampler)



Accredited Laboratory

- CMA: China Metrology Accreditation
 - RBT214-2017 (Competence assessment for

Inspection body and laboratory mandatory approval

- -General requirements for Inspection body and laboratory)
- GB/T27025 (Base on ISO/IEC17025:2017)



- Qualification of Radiological Health Technical Service
- Located in 6 Nuclear Power Plant sites.



Information Systems



Information Systems



Daily Dose Control



Daily dose control

Reference level

Plant Control Target	•Do not exceed this value as far as possible		
Intervention Level	•Close the access authorization for RCA of the worker intervened.		
Investigation Level	 The daily and monthly cumulated dose should be investigated in time to confirm its authenticity. 		

Statistical methods

- Dose Value includes max (EPD&TLD), and internal exposure
- Both in-plant and off-site exposure (contractor's declaration)
- 365 Days rolling calculating

Monthly Report





Collective Dose



PROGRESSION OF THE CGN FLEET COLLECTIVE DOSE



In the early stage, for the small number of units, the fluctuation mainly comes from outage type and outage arrangement. With the increasing of the units number, the average dose in the past five years is about 0.4man·Sv/unit.



善用自然的能量

SPOTLIGHT ON THE COLLECTIVE DOSE SINCE THE 2000s

dose/Unit



240 000 180 000 120 000 60 000

Hours/Units

2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018

Workers/Units



Dose/Hours

2400 1600 800 0 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018

The collective dose per unit and the collective dose per hour show an overall downward trend in past vears

The working hours per unit and the worker number per unit Fluctuate above and below the same value in past years



Radiation Work Permits (RWP) Usage Since 2014



Number of used RWP

<u>From 2014,CGN Fleet start to</u> <u>using RWP system with</u> <u>Significant increasing in number</u> <u>of used RWP by years</u>



By the end of 2018, most of the power plants have run RWP system, and the proportion of RWP dose to total dose is higher than 85%

RWP dose/Total dose

Individual Dose



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From 2000 to 2018, there is a slight downward trend for the average individual dose for all workers.

As the average worker number per unit is basically the same amone years, the average individual dose is mainly affected by outage type and outage arrangement.



NUMBER OF WORKERS > 10 mSv



In past 5 years, the number of workers over 12mSv Reduce by half, while the number of workers over 15mSv Gradually reduce to 0.



SUMMARY

Centralized Monitoring and Management of Occupational Exposure in CGN, including:

- External exposure & Internal exposure Monitoring
- Standardized Programme/Procedure/ instructions
- Real-time networked control CGN fleet dose data
- Periodic analysis and evaluation report

With the commissioning of the new units, the average unit dose of CGN has generally decreased year by year;

Centralized management helps control the individual dose limits, and the number of individual doses over 15mSv is controlled at a lower level.



Future Activities

- To Improve the capability of dosimetry (eye lens, biological sample, alpha nuclide monitoring)
- With new technologies such as wireless / intelligent monitoring to assist collective / individual dose control
- To enhance RWP system function of predicting and evaluating outage/task dose



Thank You!

