

Source Term

Review of Industry Monitoring and Reduction Practices

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Radiation Management & Source Term Technical Strategy Group (RMST TSG)

Global experience base of 20 utilities with 74 sites and 166 units
(~40% of global fleet) for:

- Benchmarking
 - Quick surveys to emergent issues
 - Deeper looks at topics of general interest
- Independent objective technical assessments (3002005484)
- Answering tactical research questions
 - PWR shutdown releases (3002005483)
 - BWR ultrasonic fuel cleaning as radiation field reduction strategy (3002005482)
 - Radiation Field modeling – OSCAR
 - Radiation Monitoring Technology Implementation Guidance (3002005480)
- Exchange
 - Annual Workshops (with associated learning opportunities)
 - Shielding & Scaffolding – June Remote Monitoring – August
 - Radiation Field & Source Term Reduction – September



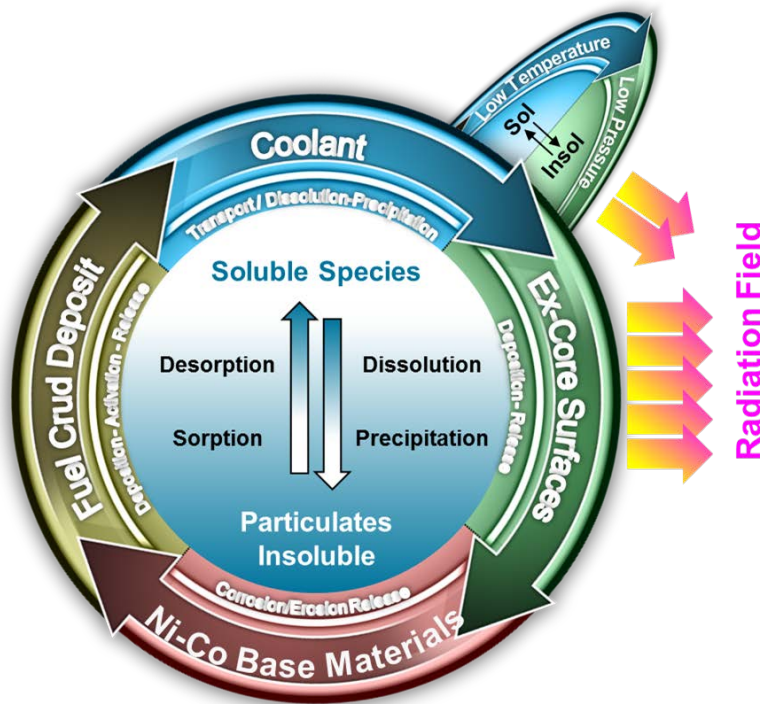
Global Industry Peer Group

RMST TSG – 2016 Membership

| Utility - Membership period | | 2014-2016 | 2015-2017 | 2016-2018 |
|---|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Dominion Resources Inc. 3 (6) | Dominion | | | TBF |
| AXPO – 2(3) | NOK | x | | |
| Comision Federal de Electricidad 1 (2) | CFE | x | | |
| Detroit Edison 1 (1) | DTE Energy | x | | |
| Electricite de France 19 (58) | EDF | x | | |
| FirstEnergy Service Company 3 (4) | FENOC | x | | |
| Korean Hydro Nuclear Power 6 (23) | KHNP | x | | |
| Luminant 1 (2) | Luminant | x | | |
| NA-SA 1 (3) | NA-SA | x | | |
| Nebraska Public Power District 1 (1) | NPPD | x | | |
| Public Service Electric and Gas 2 (3) | PSE&G | x | | |
| Southern Company 3 (6) | | x | | |
| Tennessee Valley Authority 3 (6) | TVA | x | | |
| Xcel 1 (3) | | x | | |
| Arizona Public Service (Palo Verde) – 1 (3) | APS | | x | |
| Energy Northwest* 1 (1) | | | x | |
| Entergy Services, Inc. 8 (10) | Entergy | | x | |
| Duke Energy 4 (11) | Duke | | | x |
| Exelon Corporation 13 (22) | Exelon | | | x |
| Omaha Public Power District 1 (1) | OPPD | | | x |

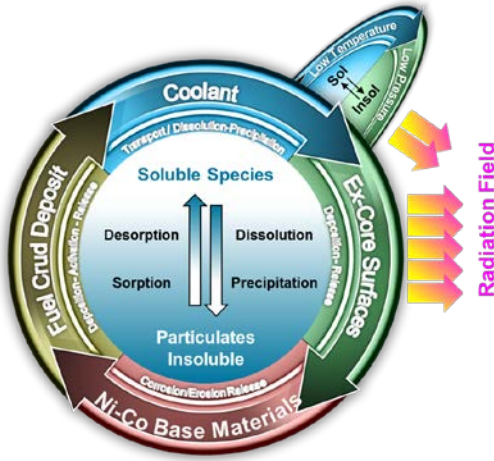
Not seeing your utility – Consider joining – Speak to your NMETT

Source Term - Owners and Reduction Drivers



- Who selects replacement materials?
- Who decides on core and fuel design?
- Who decides on the water chemistry regime?
- Who operates the coolant cleanup?
-

Source Term - Owners and Reduction Drivers



Source Term is controlled and affected by all departments

**Source Term reduction is most effectively achieved,
when all department have the same objective:**

Producing power, cost efficient, while source term conscious

Review of Industry Source Term Reduction

- Objective:

- Identify best practices & lessons learned
- Identify knowledge gaps and technology needs

- General Observation:

Do not expect Quick Fixes – Source Term Reduction manifests successes after several cycles

- Basis:

- Past EPRI Source Term Assessments
More than 20 assessments performed globally
 - ~ 2/3 BWR
 - ~ 1/3 PWR
 - several repeat assessments
 - a couple non-U.S.



TSG report 3002005484 - October 2015

Source Term Reduction in Pressurized Water Reactors

- Beneficial source term strategies identified are:
 - Fuel cleaning
 - Zinc chemistry
 - Elevated lithium control programs
 - Crud mitigation
 - End-of-cycle chemistry control strategies

- Gaps – future research
 - Develop better understanding and guidance on
 - Optimum time to terminate zinc feed prior to EOC considering Zn ions impact on ex-core surface deposition
 - Changing lithium/pH_T during the latter portion of a cycle (within Guideline limits) to stabilize fuel deposits (and minimize deposition on ex-core surfaces)

Source Term Reduction in Boiling Water Reactors

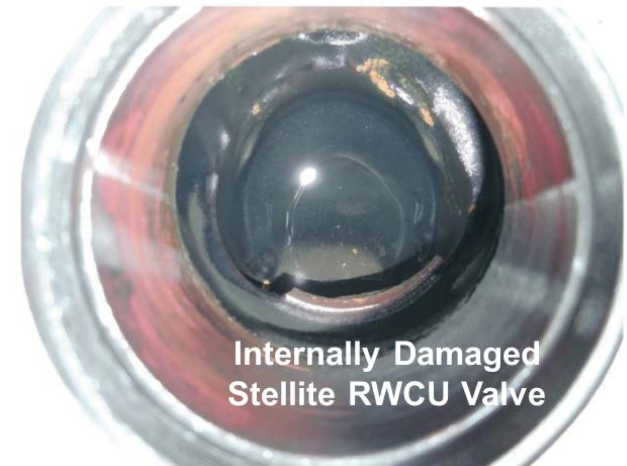
- Common issues found

- Materials (Stellite™ replacements and material specification/verification)
- RWCU and RHR materials – carbon steel surfaces generally cause higher radiation fields than stainless steel surfaces
- Cleanup system performance and availability



- Factors contributing to source term mobility include

- Fuel failures
- Change in core design
- Condenser inleakage
- Transients affecting hydrogen-oxygen balance in coolant
- Sequencing of platinum injection
- Noble metal application close to outage



Source Term Reduction in Boiling Water Reactors

- Beneficial Source Term reduction strategies
 - Reduction of cobalt-containing materials such as Stellite™ (OEM blades, valves...)
 - Excellency in cleanup system performance and availability
 - Optimum chemistry program (HWC, Pt, Zn)
 - Minimize FW iron ingress
 - BWRVIP-225 recommended shutdown practices
- Beneficial outage operational practices
 - Flood up through the condensate treatment system
 - Using submersible filters and demineralizers to supplement cavity cleanup
 - Applying fresh precoats to RWCU F/Ds and fuel pool cooling system F/Ds shortly prior to outage start
 - Maintaining RWCU in service until after cavity floodup is complete, fuel gates are open, and water clarity has been established



Source Term Reduction in Boiling Water Reactors

Gaps – future research

– Chemistry

- Behavior of chromium and Cr-51 under OLNC, low hydrogen and low iron conditions
- Impact of OLNC, low iron, and high zinc chemistry on radiation fields
- Chemical decontamination – sequencing of noble metal application
- Behavior of reported Zn-65 and Zn-69m relative to elemental zinc levels needs better understanding

– Materials

- Impact of removal of admiralty brass condensers on copper source – ECP effect and reduction of natural zinc caused radiation field
- Impact of in-vessel cobalt sources on cobalt mass balance
- Cr-51 particulate releases
- Transition to Inconel® grids will this cause an increased contribution from Co-58

– Operations

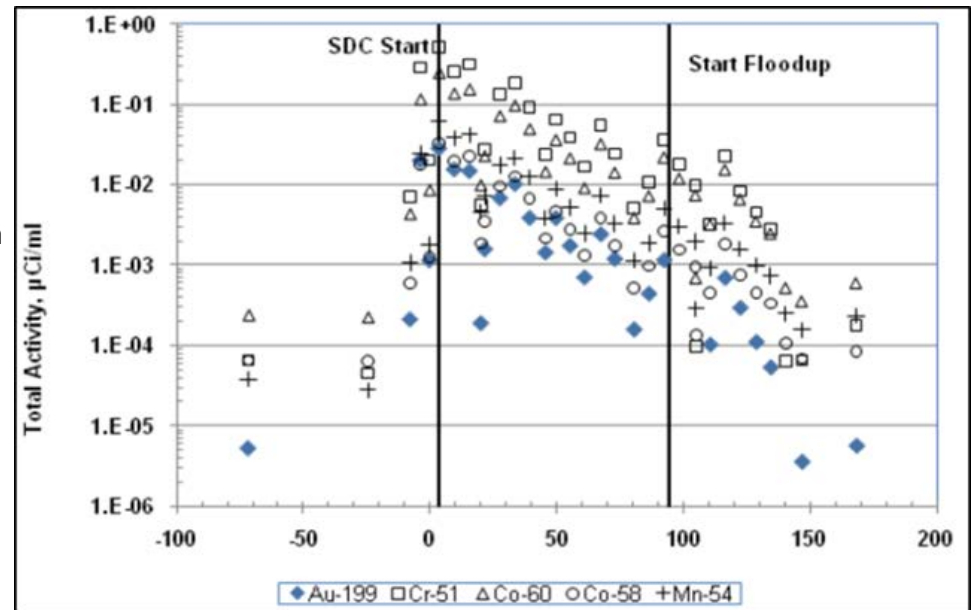
- Impact of shutdown practices on hotspots and associated CRE
- Cleanup of forward pumped drains

– Fuels

- Influence of core and/or fuel design on source term and its mobility
- Control rod sequencing impact of activity transport

– RP

- Chemical decontamination benefit relative to asset protect and recontamination rates
- Remote monitoring as part of ALARA program



Review of Industry Source Term Reduction

■ Do's

- Component replacement:
 - Eliminate high cobalt content materials (Stellite™ etc.)
 - Enforce material specifications in regards to cobalt content
 - Enhance surface finishes
- Optimize reactor coolant cleanup efficiency and performance
- Limit core crud buildup and carry-over
- Optimize chemistry program
- Use any additional coolant cleanup system during outage



■ Don't's

- Replace non-Stellite™ with Stellite™
- Ignore degrading cleanup system performance
- Ignore chemistry and radiation field monitoring
- Expect quick fixes

A Decade's Collection of Source Term Reduction Knowledge

Review of Industry Source Term Isotopic Monitoring

■ Objective:

- Identify best practices & lessons learned
- Provide guidance on monitoring tool selection
- Identify knowledge gaps and technology needs

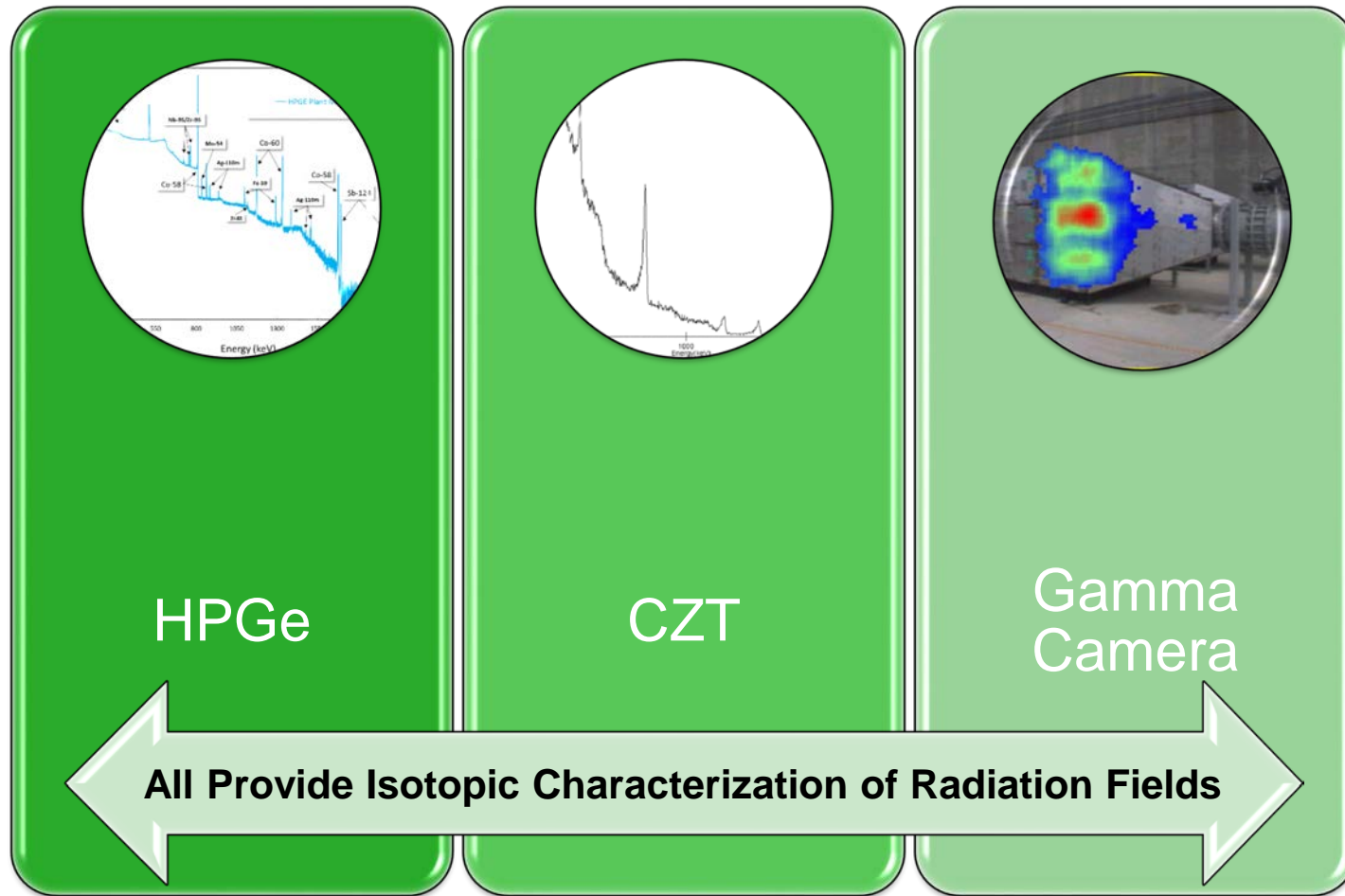
■ Basis:

- Current technological development
- Past EPRI technical work
- Global monitoring practices



Radiation Safety report 3002005481 - October 2015

Today's Equipment Choices for Isotopic Source Term Monitoring

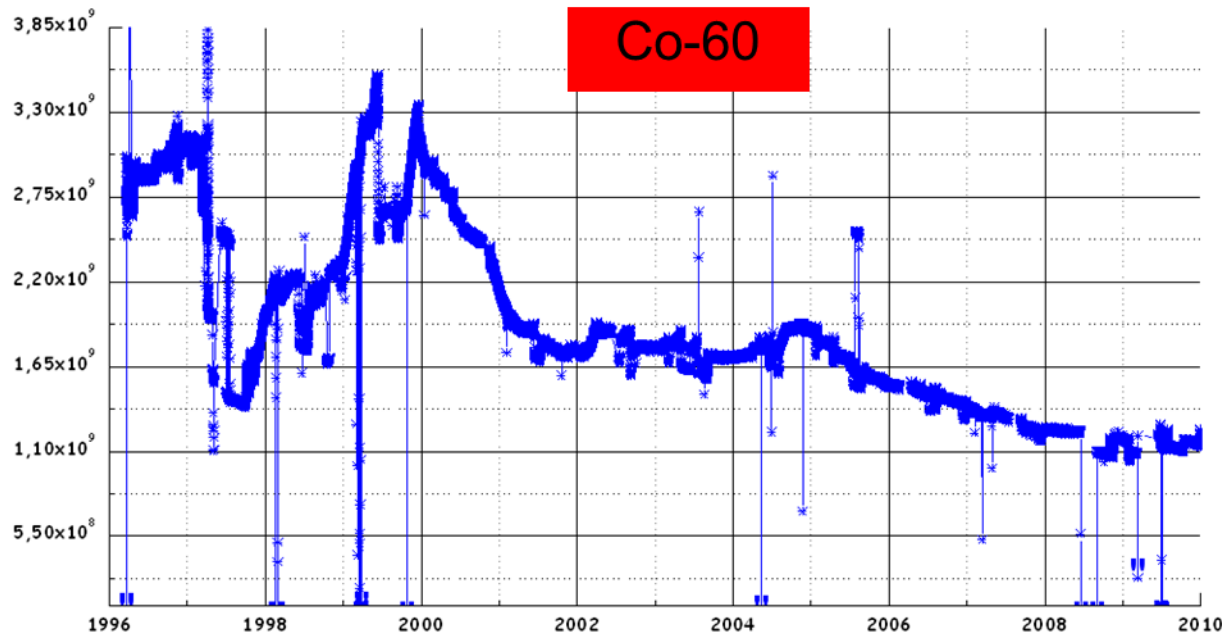
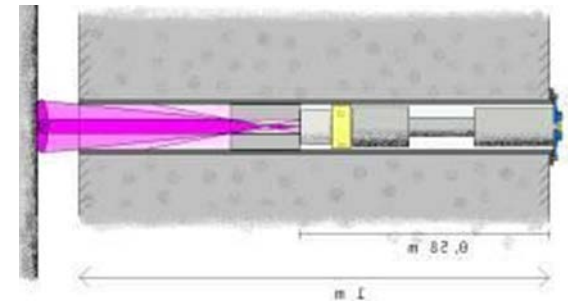


Monitoring Purpose Driven Flowchart Guides Selection

Top Notch Practice - OLA

Online HPGe Monitoring at Ringhals

Co-60 trend is chosen
as example,
all identified nuclides in
gamma spectrum
are tracked and trended



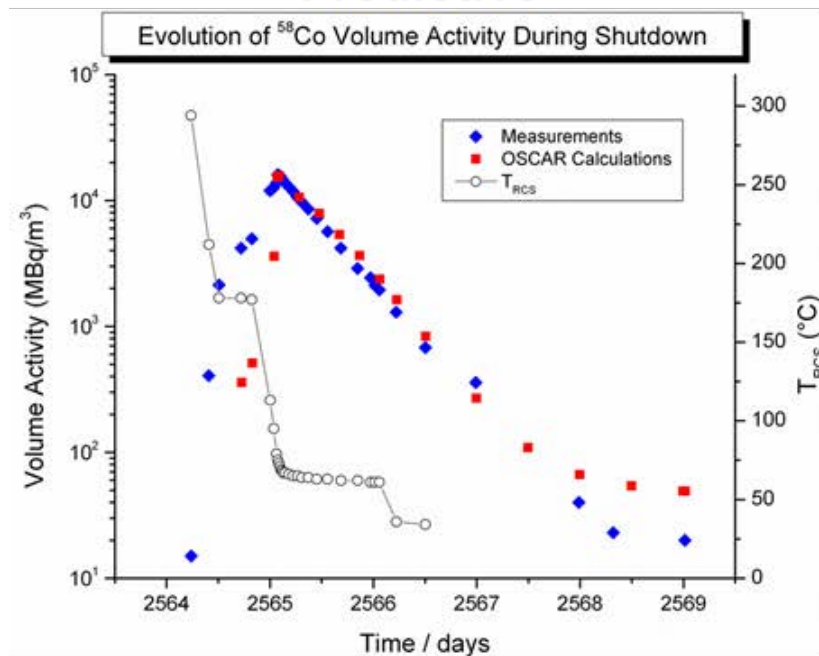
Future EPRI RMST TSG Plans



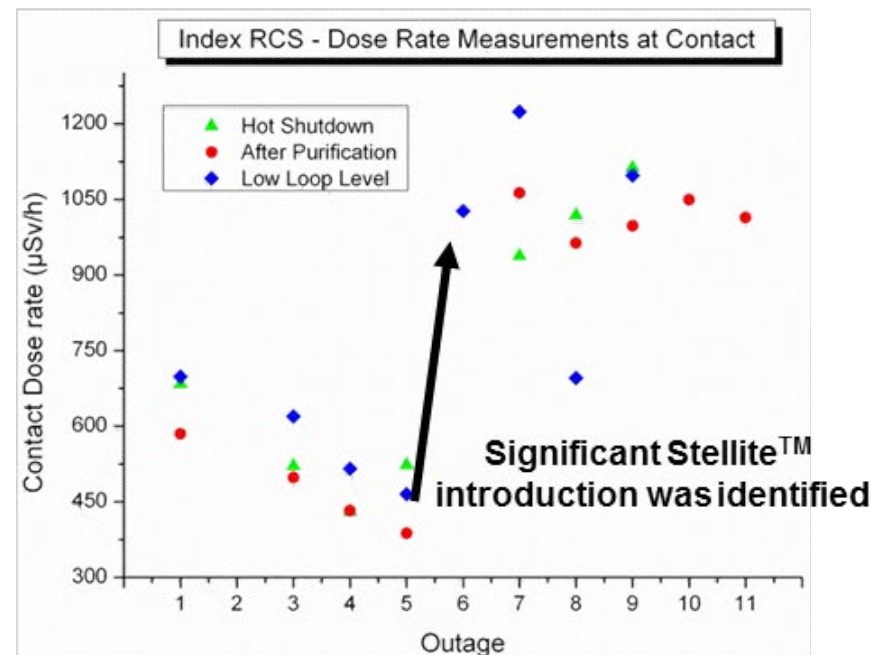
OSCAR – a PWR Radiation Field Modeling Tool

- RMST TSG currently working to bring to EPRI members
- Focus on research, sensitivity, and validation studies
- EPRI and Southern are working on validating OSCARs capabilities

Predictive



Explorative



Mathieu Corbineau, OSCAR – Modeling Tool for Source Term Management and Dose Reduction: AREVA Use,
2015 EPRI Source Term and Radiation Field Reduction Workshop, 15 July 2015, Charlotte, NC.

EPRI RMST TSG Meetings in 2016

& knowledge transfer opportunities

- **Dose Reduction for Scaffolding, Insulation, and Shielding Workshop**
 - June 14-16, 2016 in Charlotte, NC at EPRI Offices
- **Radiation Monitoring Technology Workshop**
 - August 2016 – details TBD
- **Radiation Field and Source Term Reduction Workshop**
 - Sept. 12 - 14, 2016 in Charlotte, NC at EPRI Offices
 - Monday afternoon – Utility only – Source Term 101
 - Tue/Wed – open workshop
 - In conjunction with PWR Chemistry TSG – Wed pm joint session
- **In-plant gamma measurement technical foundations training**
 - Sept 15, 2016 at EPRI Charlotte offices
 - open to EPRI members - please email interest to cgregorich@epri.com

For more information, email cgregorich@epri.com

EPRI Projects of Source Term Interest

Base, RMST and PWR Chemistry TSG projects

- Collection of monitoring data – chemistry and radiation field
- Surface passivation
- Micro-Climate
- Silver and Antimony influence on radiation field generation
- Hydrophobic Coatings
- Activity transport modeling review
- Source Term Reduction Sourcebook – Cobalt and beyond
- PWR shutdown release
- RCP operational practices



Visit RadSafety Cockpit on www.epri.com for more information



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